Course Syllabus

Sustainable Housing -- Community, Environment, and Technology  Spring 2014

ESPM 3601 (Environmental Sciences, Policy and Management)
HSG 3482 (Design, Housing, and Apparel)
3 credit hours

Course Title: **Sustainable Housing -- Community, Environment, and Technology**
Days & Time: Monday and Wednesday, 4:30p to 5:45p
Location: Ruttan Hall 143

Instructor: Bob Seavey
Room 202 Kaufert Laboratory
Office hours: 3:00p to 4:00p Monday and Wednesday (and by appointment)
Phone: 624-3028
Email: bseavey@umn.edu

Course Description
For students interested in sustainable housing, green buildings and the technology required for high performance structures. This course is designed for a broad audience of students. We begin with a section on society and housing, exploring how sustainable housing practices build community. The second phase of this course focuses on the relationship between society and the environment. We explore questions about how community growth has impacted the environment and how natural events impact our communities. Finally, the class concludes with a section on building science: how houses work as a system. In this section, we explore the science and technology required to build high performance houses.

Course Objectives
1. To acquaint and analyze the impact of society on the natural environment and to formulate an ethical framework for evaluating these developments.
2. To understand, in some depth, the various visions and interpretations of sustainability related to society, housing, and the environment.
3. To develop a rigorous framework for assessing the role of technology as it relates to building materials and energy sources for housing.
4. To foster a mindset of reflection and objective evaluation, considering multiple viewpoints, as we consider housing technology and community development.

Reading Materials

The Bulldozer in the Countryside  Adam Rome
Additional required reading materials will be posted via the University of Minnesota’s Moodle, accessible through myU at http://myu.umn.edu or available online.

**Attendance, Participation and Deadlines**

Students are expected to be in class and on time everyday. When an absence is unavoidable, it is the student’s responsibility to determine what was missed. Even though this is a fairly large class, respectful group interaction is encouraged. Please share your ideas and be open to learning from one another. Students are responsible for submitting work on time. Late assignments will be down graded.

**Grading:**

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<tr>
<th>Category</th>
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<tr>
<td>Participation (Attendance and Class Discussion)</td>
<td>5 percent</td>
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<td>Newspaper Reports (3)</td>
<td>5 percent</td>
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<td>Group Project -- Poster Presentation</td>
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<td>Quizzes (3)</td>
<td>10 percent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exam I</td>
<td>20 percent</td>
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<td>Exam II</td>
<td>20 percent</td>
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<td>Final Exam</td>
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Final letter grades will be based on straight scale percentages:

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<th>Percentage</th>
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**Statement on Climate of Inclusivity**

You are expected to be attentive during class, ask questions if you do not understand something, and to offer your opinion. You are also expected to listen respectfully to other students and to me when speaking. Racism, sexism, homophobia, classism, ageism and other forms of bigotry are inappropriate to express in this class.

**Statement on Mental Health and Disability Services**
**Disability Services:** As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learning, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems, feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance or reduce your ability to participate in daily activities. University of Minnesota services are available to assist you with addressing these and other concerns you may be experiencing. You can learn more about the broad range of confidential mental health services available on campus via [http://www.mentalhealth.umn.edu](http://www.mentalhealth.umn.edu)

If you have any special classroom requirements, please contact one of the offices below. They will work with you and, if necessary, they will contact the instructor to work out the details of any necessary accommodations.

Student Academic Success Services
Counseling/Consulting Services 340 Appleby Hall, Mpls 612-624-3323
199 Coffey Hall, St. Paul 612-624-3323

Disability Services 180 McNamara, Mpls 612-626-1333

Center for Writing 10 Nicholson Hall, Mpls 612-626-7579
Use of Student’s Work

Students understand that enrollment in this course grants consent for their work to be selected for inclusion in college or departmental publications (online or in print). Your instructor may select to use your work to represent her/his skills as an instructor in a teaching portfolio (online or in print).

Newspaper Reports

For each newspaper report, read and critique a current newspaper article in light of materials learned in class. Each critique is to be one typed page that describes and analyzes the article.

We will discuss the specific instructions for these assignments and reports in class. Instructions will be posted on the Moodle site for this course. Also on the Moodle site is information on writing papers, conducting research, and using academic sources.

Course Schedule

This is a general course outline and is subject to change. Any changes will be announced in class and are each student’s responsibility.

Week 1  Course Introduction
    -- Definitions of sustainability

        Reading: Provided by Instructor - "Descriptions of Sustainable Housing"
        "Sustainable Housing - Introduction"

Week 2  Technology and Society
    -- Shelter Basics

Week 3  Community and Sustainable Housing
    -- Volunteerism: Habitat and Third Sector
    -- Wilder/Habitat experience
    -- Urban Homeworks: case study

        Reading: Provided by Instructor - "Sustainable Communities"

First Newspaper Write-up: Due Monday, February 3

Week 4  Intentional Communities – Europe and Guatemala

        Reading: Provided by Instructor

Quiz #1: Wednesday, February 12
**Week 5**  Energy sources and environmental issues
- Fossil fuels
- Nuclear power

Reading: Provided by Instructor

**Exam I – Wednesday, February 19**

**Week 6**  Renewable Energy

Reading: Provided by Instructor

**Week 7**  Historical perspective: suburbia and sprawl
Population Growth and Sustainable Housing
-- Environmental footprint for housing
  Readings: From *The Bulldozer in the Countryside*  Adam Rome
  Introduction and Chapt 1

**Second Newspaper Write-up: Due Monday, March 3**

**Week 8**  Solar Homes and Water Resources and Housing

-- Municipal water supply
-- Septic issues and water treatment after usage

  Readings: From *The Bulldozer in the Countryside*  Adam Rome
  Chapt 2 & 3

**Quiz #2: Wednesday, March 12**

**Week 9**  Where Not to Build and Open Space

  Readings: From *The Bulldozer in the Countryside*  Adam Rome
  Chapt 4 & 5

**Week 10**  Green Building Models (LEED & Green Globes) and Certification
-- Evaluation criteria
  - Cost/benefit
  - Embodied energy
  - LCA
-- Wood, concrete, steel, plastics

  Readings: From Website:  http://www.dovetailinc.org/
Reducing the Embodied Energy of Buildings
Tracy Mumma, Home Energy Magazine

**Week 11** Visions of Future Sustainable Communities
-- Smart growth
-- Community vs. property rights

Readings from: Website:  http://www.smartgrowth.org/
http://www.epa.gov/smartgrowth/

Exam II  Wednesday, April 9

**Week 12** Introduction to Building Science
-- Role of design in sustainable housing
-- Planning and designing the building enclosure

Readings from: Johnston and Gibson
Introduction, Chapter 1, Chapter 2 and Chapter 3

**Week 13** Technology/Building Science
-- Building envelope
-- Planning for high performance buildings: Net-zero and passive houses

Readings from: Johnston and Gibson
Chapter 4, Chapter 5, Chapter 6, Chapter 7, Chapter 11, Chapter 12

**Posters Due – Wednesday, April 23**

**Week 14** Technology/Building Science
-- Interactions of building design and building systems
-- Heating and air conditioning
-- Indoor air quality
-- Geothermal and renewable energy technologies

**Quiz #3: Monday, April 28**

**Third Newspaper Write-up: Wednesday, April 30**

Landscaping

Readings from: Johnston and Gibson
Chapter 9, Chapter 10, Chapter 13, Chapter 14, Chapter 15, Chapter 16
Week 15  Course Review and Wrap-Up
  -- Performance criteria for evaluation progress
  -- Challenges working with people, populations, and markets as we seek a more sustainable vision for the future
  -- Visions for a building industry, a community planning and homeowner awareness based on building science principles and sustainable practices

Poster Presentation – Monday, May 5

Final Exam Time and Date:  Monday, May 12, 4:30p to 6:30p

Liberal Education

ESPM 3601/HSG 3482 is approved for the Technology and Society Theme. This is part of the Liberal Education requirements at the University of Minnesota. The value of the Liberal Education courses is that they provide a perspective and context beyond the focus of your major. It is important to understand that a University education is more than specialized training in narrowly focused topics. Rather, this education should be a catalyst for a long pathway of continuing, lifelong education. Moreover, the Liberal Education is an opportunity to appreciate different perspectives for a greater understanding of the many challenging issues that graduates in the 21st century will encounter.

Student Learning Outcomes __________________________________________

1. Can identify, define, and solve problems

   Students should be able to identify and describe problems and opportunities related to new technological developments in housing. These developments could be related to new building materials, building designs, or energy systems as they relate to housing.

   Evaluation:

   In the course exams, students will be provided with examples of new technology. They will need to evaluate the implications of this technology as it relates to energy, consumption, building durability, and occupant health.

2. Can locate and critically evaluate information

   As part of the technical poster presentation, student groups will be required to identify at least four technical publications. They must evaluate these sources. They will
then be required to include these sources in their poster presentation.

**Evaluation:**

Grading of the poster presentations will be conducted by faculty and professionals with a background in housing and building science. The evaluation protocol will assess the technical understanding of the material, the technical publications and the interpretations of this information, as well as the relevance and insightfulness of the poster presentation conclusions.

4. Understanding diverse philosophies and cultures within and across societies

Housing issues bring together conflicting and diverse forces in society. Many citizens want "the American dream" -- a sustainable, efficient, affordable home, along with quiet streets, green space, and short commutes. However, developers strive to provide these homes with the most cost-efficient means possible. Often there are environmental consequences such as sprawl and altered ecosystems. These consequences diminish the quality of the homeowner's lifestyle.

**Evaluation:**

Class discussion periods will focus on the diverse philosophies and viewpoints related to housing and development. Student groups will be asked to represent these divergent positions as part of the discussion. This will constitute part of the student participation grade.

7. Have acquired skills for effective citizenship and life-long learning

Good stewardship of the environment is good citizenship. A home, as shelter, is a fundamental need, and it is a laboratory for the exploration of humans’ impact on the environment. Our homes are also a symbol of our lifestyles and consumption habits. There is a need to reflect on the most ethical ways that we can use our technology for the development of sustainable communities within the greater natural environment. Moreover, as technologies change and environmental and social consciousness evolves, there is an increasing need to embrace the tenets of life-long learning, especially after graduation and the completion of the university education. [We have the technology to build roads to most anyplace, flatten mountains, and fill in wetlands, but how can we use this power in the most responsible (ethical) way to have the least impact on the natural world?]

**Evaluation:**

The format for the exams and the requirements for the technical poster presentation stress the role of technical innovation and good stewardship as responsibilities or good citizenship.
Technology and Society Theme

Advances in the technology used in housing, both materials and design processes, have had a significant impact on the houses and communities in recent years. Currently we are able to build houses faster and cheaper than in past times. We can build in more remote landscapes and can remake the landscape to suit our housing objectives (for better or worse...). Unfortunately, these technological advances have not uniformly led to better houses or better community development. Thoughtful consideration of the technology and the implications of this technology are certainly appropriate.

It is important that students become aware of the technological advancements related to housing: their impact on the housing industry and their opportunities (some realized and some not...), as well as the problems caused by these technological advancements (filling in wetlands, building on floodplains). There is a need to reflect on the most ethical ways that we can use this technology for the development of sustainable communities within the greater natural environment. [We have the technology to build roads to most anyplace, flatten mountains, fill in wetlands, but how can we use this power in the most responsible, (ethical) way to have the least impact on the natural world.]

Developments in building materials and building technology provide us with the opportunity for housing that is energy-efficient, durable and very healthy for occupants. The promise and opportunities are very real. However, the delivery of new and remodeled houses is problematic: builders and developers as well as the housing market have not come together to demand and define this product. Moreover, the human factors related to the management of the house are uncertain: maintenance, living habits, and management practices are undefined and not uniform.

The housing boom following WWII was facilitated by significant technological advancements in the earthmoving equipment as well as the manufacturing process of homebuilding. Looking back at this suburban growth, it is important to be thoughtful and reflective of the role that technology played (good & bad) to make this development happen. Clearly the housing crisis following WWII was solved and the affluence and comfort of the post-war generation has benefited by this development. At the same time, the benefits and disadvantages of suburban sprawl are still debated.

As well as understanding the societal context of recent housing technology developments, it is also important for students to learn a more in-depth appreciation for some of the basic scientific and engineering factors that are critical to drive the advancement in more energy efficient, more structurally sound, and more durable housing. Resistance to hurricanes, cold weather, or driving rain does not result from simply thicker walls and roofs, rather, these advancements are engineered into the product based on scientific principles and product testing.

Courses must meet these criteria:

The course examines one or more technologies that have had some measurable impact on contemporary society.

Advances in insulation and air sealing to save energy and increase durability will be
assessed. These advances have caused a fundamental change in the technology for building houses as well as the homeowner expectation of the performance of newer houses.

The course builds student understanding of the science and engineering behind the technology addressed.

The course will document the development of building science as a discipline and the reliance on the fundamental principles of heat and mass transfer. Based on these scientific developments, the subsequent engineering has led to the building technologies that are currently recommended for new home construction.

Students discuss the role that society has played in fostering the development of technology as well as the response to the adoption and use of technology. Students will learn how the recognition, by society, of energy shortages and the concerns about occupant health and building durability have fostered the analysis/research that has led to the technological developments critical to building science.

Students consider the impact of technology from multiple perspectives that include developers, users/consumers, as well as others in society affected by the technology.

This course also looks at the sources for energy used for our homes and society. To satisfy this requirement, students will examine the technology required for energy extraction (fossil, nuclear and renewable fuels). They will consider new technological developments (mining tar sands and carbon sequestration) and the choices that society must make about these developments.

Students develop skills in evaluating conflicting views on existing or emerging technology.

Students will evaluate the types of renewable energy technology that are being developed for homes and businesses. They will also assess the role of energy conservation and the technology required for energy conservation. They will consider the short-term and long-term implications of adopting this technology.

Students engage in a process of critical evaluation that provides a framework with which to evaluate new technology in the future.

With the development of new products as well as new technologies, it is critical to use a disciplined and unbiased system to evaluate the long-term implications. Students will consider these types of analysis: cost/benefit analysis, encumbered energy, and life cycle analysis, as ways to make these evaluations.